## Application Guide STEEL-IT<sup>®</sup> 1002 Steel Gray Polyurethane Topcoat

## Surface Preparation, Application Instructions, and Recommended Spray Gun Equipment Settings



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#### 1. PREPARATION

Proper surface preparation is key to the success of any coating job, whether the coating is STEEL-IT or another brand. It's often said in the coatings industry that roughly 85% of all paint failures are due to improper or insufficient surface preparation and application.

STEEL-IT coatings adhere to metal surfaces through mechanical adhesion, meaning the coating holds onto the surface by interlocking with a rough profile established on the bare metal, which is ideally achieved by grit-blasting or power-sanding.

#### SURFACE PREPARATION

Metal surfaces should be clean and free of all rust, old paint, greases, waxes, salts, dirt, scale, etc.

It's best if the surface being coated can be grit-blasted (e.g. sandblasted) to a 1.5 - 2.0 mils (0.0015" – 0.0020"; 38-50 microns) sharp angular cut profile per SSPC SP-6 (Commercial Blast). <u>STEEL-IT coatings require this rough, "scarified" surface profile in order to have some tooth to bite into to adhere properly.</u>

If blasting is not an option, power-sanding (e.g. with a dual-action sander) using #36 grit sandpaper will achieve similar results on steel. The surface once properly prepared should feel like the striking area on a matchbox.

After grit-blasting, blow any remaining grit material off using an air hose and/or solvent clean the surface with acetone, alcohol, or xylene. Avoid using products that leave behind an oily residue (such as mineral spirits).

Another surface preparation option for the Polyurethane Topcoat is to use the Monti Bristle Blaster, a power tool that also achieves proper surface conditions. Stainless Steel Coatings, Inc. has no affiliation with Monti; it is merely an available option in the marketplace. For more information, visit: <u>http://www.monti.de/en/products/bristle-blaster</u>

#### REQUIRED AMBIENT CONDITIONS

When using STEEL-IT 1002 Steel Gray Polyurethane Topcoat:

- Apply only when ambient and substrate surface temperatures are between 50° F (10° C) and 100° F (38° C)
- Relative humidity is less than 85%
- Substrate surface temperature and the temperature of the coating are at least 5° F (2.75° C) above the dew point.

#### <u>SAFETY</u>

Apply the coating in a well-ventilated area.

When applying STEEL-IT 1002 Steel Gray Polyurethane Topcoat, it is critical to use:

- A NIOSH-approved respirator using an organic vapor cartridge
- Nitrile gloves.

<u>SUFFICIENT AGITATION IN PLACE OF ADDING THINNER</u> Before applying STEEL-IT, <u>it is critical that the contents be sufficiently</u> <u>agitated for five minutes</u>. This can be accomplished using a mechanical paint shaker or a mechanically driven paddle, at the end of a drill, for example. <u>Hand stirring using a wooden stick will not</u> <u>provide sufficient agitation to properly prepare STEEL-IT for application.</u>

Unlike with other paints and coatings where agitation or stirring is required to assure the homogeneity of the can's contents, in the case of STEEL-IT, agitation plays the critical role of adding enough energy into the coating to break temporary chemical bonds that have formed and thickened the coating as it's sat in the can. Adding energy makes the can's contents less viscous thus eliminating the need for thinners and readying STEEL-IT for application.

If agitated properly, STEEL-IT coatings should not require thinning with solvents before use. **Adding thinner or reducer is highly discouraged** because it increases the chance of trapping solvents and may negatively affect the coating's proper drying and curing processes. While a very limited amount of reducer can be added if absolutely necessary (no more than 5%), adding too much solvent will alter the coating's chemistry.

#### 2. APPLICATION

#### FILM THICKNESS

STEEL IT BRAND COATING

Typically, it's recommended to apply two coats of topcoat at 3 mils (0.003"; 75 microns) DFT per coat.

A third coat of topcoat at 3 mils (0.003"; 75 microns) DFT can be applied in situations where conditions are particularly harsh due to chemical-, abrasion-, or impact-exposure, as examples.

In order to achieve 3 mils (0.003"; 75 microns) DFT of the STEEL-IT Steel Gray Polyurethane Topcoat, the following wet film thicknesses (WFT) should be applied per 3 mil coat:

> NUMBER OF MILS (MICRONS) TO APPLY WET TO GET 3 MILS (75 MICRONS) DRY

	STELE-IT DRAND COATING	
•	STEEL-IT 1002 Steel Gray	10 mils (.010"; 255 microns)
	Polyurethane Topcoat	

#### <u>PROPERLY MEASURING STEEL-IT® COATINGS' FILM THICKNESS</u> <u>The amount applied should be measured when the coating is wet</u> <u>using a wet film thickness gauge</u>, which is a very simple tool. A useful demonstration of how to use such a gauge can be found on YouTube at: <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DtmEBBzIWQc</u>.

When using STEEL-IT brand coatings, many electronic gauges used to measure dry film thickness give seriously inaccurate results. That's because such gauges try to locate the substrate, and then measure the distance from the tool to the substrate and conclude that that is the thickness of the coating. However, because of the abundance of stainless steel in STEEL-IT coatings and the fact that they form a barrier coat of stainless steel near the surface of the coating, most electronic gauges often misinterpret this barrier coat as the substrate and report too little coating has been applied.

#### Electronic Gauges That Correctly Measure STEEL-IT's DFT

After working with STEEL-IT brand coatings, two leading electronic dry film thickness gauge companies – Defelsko Instruments and Imaginant/PELT – have determined that the following models accurately measure STEEL-IT coatings' DFT:

Defelsko Instruments

- 1. PosiTector 6000 F1
- 2. PosiTest FM mechanical (magnetic principle) coating thickness gauge,
- 3. PosiTest DFT ferrous (magnetic principle) electronic instrument

#### Imaginant/PELT

1. µPts3H Pelt ultrasonic film thickness gauge, coupled with a PELT-XER-M100 transducer and FC-U1STU40 wearcap

Both manufacturers recommend that if customers have difficulty reading STEEL-IT brand coatings thicknesses, that the customer contact them directly for guidance.

#### DRYING TIME AND RECOAT WINDOWS

#### STEEL-IT 1002 Steel Gray Polyurethane Topcoat

- Dry to touch: 2 hours
- Tack free to handle: 2 hours
- Dry to recoat window: 6-24 hours
- Light duty use: 36 hours; Ideally, wait 5-7 days before putting newly coated equipment into full service
- When a second topcoat will be applied, subsequent coats will be dry to handle in 24 hours. If product is not topcoated within 24 hours, a light, hand scuff-sanding using #200 grit sandpaper is required before topcoating.
- The coating's hardness and chemical resistance increase at an accelerated pace initially, then more slowly, attaining near maximum values after two weeks.

#### EXPECTED COVERAGE

# STEEL-IT® COATING PRACTICAL COVERAGE AT 3 MILS STEEL-IT 002 Steel Gray (75 MICRONS) DFT\*

STEEL-IT 1002 Steel Gray	130 sq ft/gallon
Polyurethane Topcoat	(11.9 sq m/gal)

\* Assumes 20% loss due to overspray and waste

#### 3. THINNING AND CLEANUP

#### <u>THINNING</u>

As explained in the section *Sufficient Agitation*, it is unnecessary to use thinners when working with STEEL-IT brand coatings. Unlike other paints and coatings, power agitation of STEEL-IT while it's still in the can, adds sufficient energy to break short-term chemical bonds that have formed and thickened the coating. This, in effect, "thins" the coating and prepares it for spraying or other forms of application.

If, for some reason, it is absolutely necessary to add thinner, use only mineral spirits, and do not dilute the coating more than 5%.

#### <u>CLEANUP</u>

To clean spray guns and other application equipment after applying the STEEL-IT Polyurethane Topcoat, the following solvents should be used:

	COATING	SOLVENTS FOR CLEANUP
•	STEEL-IT 1002 Steel Gray	Mineral spirits
	Polvurethane Topcoat	

#### 4. RECOMMENDED\* SPRAY GUN EQUIPMENT SETTINGS FOR USE WITH STEEL-IT® 1002 STEEL GRAY POLYURETHANE TOPCOAT

This section provides settings recommendations for commonly used types of spray gun equipment for use with STEEL-IT 1002 Polyurethane Topcoat.

#### Spray Gun Equipment Types Evaluated

- 1. Conventional Gravity Feed Air Spray Guns
- 2. Conventional Pressure Feed Air Spray Guns
- 3. HVLP Guns
- 4. Heated HVLP Guns
- 5. Airmix ("AAA", or "Air Assisted Airless") Guns
- 6. Heated Airmix ("Heated AAA", or "Heated Air Assisted Airless") Guns
- 7. Airless Guns
- 8. Conventional Siphon Feed Air Spray Guns\*\*

- \* Actual settings may differ due to equipment manufacturer, altitude, or weather conditions. However, the recommendations found on the two pages that follow should provide a useful starting point.
- \*\* <u>Conventional Siphon Feed Air Spray Guns are not recommended</u> for use with any STEEL-IT brand coating.

#### STEEL-IT 1002 STEEL GRAY POLYURETHANE TOPCOAT

#### Conventional Gravity Feed Air Spray Guns

- Transfer efficiency (est.) 25%
  - Fluid nozzle: 2.2-2.7 mm
    - Flow rate:
      - Without atomizing air: 3 oz./min.
      - With atomizing air: 6 oz./min.
  - Air pressure: 60 psi (high, but not uncommon for viscous coatings)

#### Conventional Pressure Feed Air Spray Guns

- Transfer efficiency (est.) 30%
  - Fluid nozzle: 1.8 mm with 1/4" fluid hose
    - Flow rate 6 oz./min.
  - Air pressure 40 psi
  - Fluid pressure on pot: 50 psi

#### Heated HVLP Guns

- Transfer efficiency (est.) 60%
  - Fluid nozzle: 1.8 mm
    - Flow rate: 8 oz./min.
  - Fluid pressure on pot: 40 psi
  - Inline heater temp: 110°F

#### Airmix ("AAA", or "Air Assisted Airless") Guns:

- Transfer efficiency (est.) 80%
  - Tip: .015
    - Flow rate: 14 oz./min.
  - Fluid pressure: 1000 psi.
  - Air pressure when triggered: 10 psi.

#### STEEL-IT 1002 STEEL GRAY Polyurethane Topcoat (cont.)

Heated Airmix ("Heated AAA", or "Heated Air Assisted Airless") Guns • Transfer efficiency (est.) 80%

- Tip: .015
  - Flow rate: 16 oz./min.
- Fluid pressure: 1000 psi.
- Air pressure when triggered: 10 psi
- Inline heater temperature: 110° F

#### Airless Guns

- Transfer efficiency (est.) 50%
  - Tip: .016 airless
    - Flow rate: 18 oz./min.
  - Fluid pressure when triggered: 1000 psi

#### NOT RECOMMENDED

Conventional Siphon Feed Air Spray Guns:

 With either a 1.8mm or 2.2 mm fluid nozzle, the product is too viscous to siphon smoothly, unless excessive pressures (90+ lbs) are used.

#### HVLP Guns

• At the EPA recommended limit of 10 psi at the air cap, atomization is unacceptable, even at rates as low as 4 oz./min.